
The amateur's guide to explore machine learning

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Nishant Baheti

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CHAPTER
ONE

GENERATORS

1.1 topic 1

```
Iterable - __iter__ or __getitem__ ...
Iterator - __next__ ...
Iteration - process to iterate over iterable
```

```
[1]: l = [1,2,4,5]
```

```
[7]: for item in dir(l):
    if item in ['__iter__', '__getitem__']:
        print(item)

__getitem__
__iter__
```

```
[8]: for i in l:
    print(i)

1
2
4
5
```

```
[13]: def custom_gen(n):
    for i in range(n):
        yield i

for item in dir(custom_gen(10)):
    if item in ['__next__']:
        print(item)

__next__
```

```
[23]: g = custom_gen(5)
```

```
[24]: next(g)
```

```
[24]: 0
```

```
[25]: next(g)
```

```
[25]: 1
```

```
[26]: next(g)
```

```
[26]: 2
```

```
[28]: g = custom_gen(5)
for item in g:
    print(item)
```

```
0
1
2
3
4
```

```
[29]: n = "Nishant"
for item in n:
    print(item)
```

```
N
i
s
h
a
n
t
```

```
[32]: iterable = iter(n)
```

```
[34]: for item in dir(iterable):
        if item in ['__next__']:
            print(item)

__next__
```

```
[35]: next(iterable)
```

```
[35]: 'N'
```

```
[36]: next(iterable)
```

```
[36]: 'i'
```

```
[37]: next(iterable)
```

```
[37]: 's'
```

```
[ ]:
```

CHAPTER
TWO

ITERTOOLS

```
[1]: from itertools import *
```

```
[2]: x = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7]
```

```
[3]: l = []
for iter in combinations_with_replacement(x,2):
    l.append([ iter[0], iter[1], iter[0]-iter[1] ])
l
```

```
[3]: [[1, 1, 0],
      [1, 2, -1],
      [1, 3, -2],
      [1, 4, -3],
      [1, 5, -4],
      [1, 6, -5],
      [1, 7, -6],
      [2, 2, 0],
      [2, 3, -1],
      [2, 4, -2],
      [2, 5, -3],
      [2, 6, -4],
      [2, 7, -5],
      [3, 3, 0],
      [3, 4, -1],
      [3, 5, -2],
      [3, 6, -3],
      [3, 7, -4],
      [4, 4, 0],
      [4, 5, -1],
      [4, 6, -2],
      [4, 7, -3],
      [5, 5, 0],
      [5, 6, -1],
      [5, 7, -2],
      [6, 6, 0],
      [6, 7, -1],
      [7, 7, 0]]
```

```
[4]: l = []
for iter in combinations(x,2):
```

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```
1.append([ iter[0], iter[1], iter[0]-iter[1] ])
1
```

```
[4]: [[1, 2, -1],
 [1, 3, -2],
 [1, 4, -3],
 [1, 5, -4],
 [1, 6, -5],
 [1, 7, -6],
 [2, 3, -1],
 [2, 4, -2],
 [2, 5, -3],
 [2, 6, -4],
 [2, 7, -5],
 [3, 4, -1],
 [3, 5, -2],
 [3, 6, -3],
 [3, 7, -4],
 [4, 5, -1],
 [4, 6, -2],
 [4, 7, -3],
 [5, 6, -1],
 [5, 7, -2],
 [6, 7, -1]]
```

```
[5]: l = []
for iter in permutations(x,2):
    l.append([ iter[0], iter[1], iter[0]-iter[1] ])
1
```

```
[5]: [[1, 2, -1],
 [1, 3, -2],
 [1, 4, -3],
 [1, 5, -4],
 [1, 6, -5],
 [1, 7, -6],
 [2, 1, 1],
 [2, 3, -1],
 [2, 4, -2],
 [2, 5, -3],
 [2, 6, -4],
 [2, 7, -5],
 [3, 1, 2],
 [3, 2, 1],
 [3, 4, -1],
 [3, 5, -2],
 [3, 6, -3],
 [3, 7, -4],
 [4, 1, 3],
 [4, 2, 2],
 [4, 3, 1],
 [4, 5, -1],
 [4, 6, -2],
```

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```
[4, 7, -3],
[5, 1, 4],
[5, 2, 3],
[5, 3, 2],
[5, 4, 1],
[5, 6, -1],
[5, 7, -2],
[6, 1, 5],
[6, 2, 4],
[6, 3, 3],
[6, 4, 2],
[6, 5, 1],
[6, 7, -1],
[7, 1, 6],
[7, 2, 5],
[7, 3, 4],
[7, 4, 3],
[7, 5, 2],
[7, 6, 1]]
```

```
[6]: l = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7]
# l = [7,6,5,4,3,2,1]
# l = [1,2,1,2,3,2,1]
# l = [2,3,5,6,7,1,2,4,6,9,7,5]
# l = [0,0,0,1,0,0,0,0,1,0]

max = 0
start_new = True
temp_list = []
for i in range(len(l)-1):
    if start_new:
        total_sum = sum(temp_list)
        if max < total_sum:
            max = total_sum
        temp_list = [l[i]]

    if l[i] < l[i+1]:
        temp_list.append(l[i+1])
        print(temp_list)
        total_sum = sum(temp_list)
        if max < total_sum:
            max = total_sum
        start_new = False

    else:
        start_new = True

print(max)
[1, 2]
[1, 2, 3]
[1, 2, 3, 4]
```

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```
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7]
28
```

question 2 :

You will be given a list of stock prices for a given day and your goal is to return the maximum profit that could have been made by buying a stock at the given price and then selling the stock later on. For example if the input is: [45, 24, 35, 31, 40, 38, 11] then your program should return 16 because if you bought the stock at \$24 and sold it at \$40, a profit of \$16 was made and this is the largest profit that could be made. If no profit could have been made, return -1.

```
[7]: # l = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7]
l = [45, 24, 35, 31, 40, 38, 11]
# l = [100, 180, 260, 310, 40, 535, 695]
# l = [7,6,5,4,3,2,1]
selling_combs = []
for iter in combinations(l,2):
    selling_combs.append([iter[1]-iter[0]])

selling_combs.sort(reverse=True)
print("Max profit value of the week :",selling_combs[0])
```

Max profit value of the week : [16]

```
[15]: for i in permutations(range(1,5),2):
    print(i)

(1, 2)
(1, 3)
(1, 4)
(2, 1)
(2, 3)
(2, 4)
(3, 1)
(3, 2)
(3, 4)
(4, 1)
(4, 2)
(4, 3)
```

LIST COMPREHENSIONS

3.1 AAM ZINDGI

```
[1]: l = []
for i in range(10):
    if i%3 == 0:
        l.append(i)
l
```

```
[1]: [0, 3, 6, 9]
```

3.2 MENTOSS ZINDGI

```
[2]: [i for i in range(10) if i%3 == 0]
```

```
[2]: [0, 3, 6, 9]
```

```
[3]: [i if i%3 == 0 else i%3 for i in range(10)]
```

```
[3]: [0, 1, 2, 3, 1, 2, 6, 1, 2, 9]
```

CHAPTER
FOUR

DICTIONARY COMPREHENSION

```
[4]: d = {item:f"ITEM-{item}" for item in range(10)}  
d
```

```
[4]: {0: 'ITEM-0',  
 1: 'ITEM-1',  
 2: 'ITEM-2',  
 3: 'ITEM-3',  
 4: 'ITEM-4',  
 5: 'ITEM-5',  
 6: 'ITEM-6',  
 7: 'ITEM-7',  
 8: 'ITEM-8',  
 9: 'ITEM-9'}
```

```
[5]: {value:key for key,value in d.items()}
```

```
[5]: {'ITEM-0': 0,  
 'ITEM-1': 1,  
 'ITEM-2': 2,  
 'ITEM-3': 3,  
 'ITEM-4': 4,  
 'ITEM-5': 5,  
 'ITEM-6': 6,  
 'ITEM-7': 7,  
 'ITEM-8': 8,  
 'ITEM-9': 9}
```

CHAPTER
FIVE

SET COMPREHENSIONS

```
[6]: {item for item in ["nsihatn","nsihatjn","nishatn","nishant","nishant","nishant","nishant  
↪"]}
```

```
[6]: {'nishant', 'nishatn', 'nsihatjn', 'nsihatn'}
```

CHAPTER
SIX

LIST OPERATIONS

[1]: number_of_inputs = int(input())

```
max = 0
while number_of_inputs > 0:
    i = float(input())
    if i > max:
        max = i
    number_of_inputs -= 1
print(max)
```

```
# list_of_inputs = []
# while number_of_inputs > 0:
#     i = float(input())
#     list_of_inputs.append(i)
#     number_of_inputs -= 1

# list_of_inputs.sort(reverse=True)
# print(list_of_inputs[0])
```

55.0

[2]: l = [1,2,3,2,3,6]
l.append(7)
l

[2]: [1, 2, 3, 2, 3, 6, 7]

[3]: l.count(3)

[3]: 2

[4]: l.extend([7,8,7])
l

[4]: [1, 2, 3, 2, 3, 6, 7, 7, 8, 7]

[5]: l.index(7) # first occurrence index of the specified value

[5]: 6

[6]: l.insert(1,10) # position, element
1

[6]: [1, 10, 2, 3, 2, 3, 6, 7, 7, 8, 7]

[7]: l.pop(1) # index remove element
1

[7]: [1, 2, 3, 2, 3, 6, 7, 7, 8, 7]

[8]: l.remove(3) # removes first occurrence of specified element
1

[8]: [1, 2, 2, 3, 6, 7, 7, 8, 7]

[9]: l.reverse() # reverse the list
1

[9]: [7, 8, 7, 7, 6, 3, 2, 2, 1]

[10]: l.sort() # sort the list

[11]: l.clear() # clean the list

[12]: 1

[12]: []

[15]: l = list("Hello I am nishant".replace(" ",""))

[15]: ['H', 'e', 'l', 'l', 'o', 'I', 'a', 'm', 'n', 'i', 's', 'h', 'a', 'n', 't']

DECORATORS

```
[13]: def uppercase_decorator(function):
        def wrapper(*args,**kwargs):
            func = function(*args,**kwargs)
            make_uppercase = func.upper()
            return make_uppercase
        return wrapper
```

```
[14]: def func():
        return "hello world"
```

```
[15]: func = uppercase_decorator(func)
```

```
[16]: func()
```

```
[16]: 'HELLO WORLD'
```

```
[20]: @uppercase_decorator
def func1():
    return "hello world 1"
```

```
[21]: func1()
```

```
[21]: 'HELLO WORLD 1'
```

7.1 timer example

```
[24]: from time import time,sleep

def timeit(f):
    def wrapper(*args,**kwargs):
        start = time()
        val = f(*args,**kwargs)
        end = time()

        print("total time taken for this function : ",f.__name__," is",end-start)
        return val
    return wrapper
```

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```
@timeit
def slow_operation():
    sleep(3)
    return "done"
```

```
[25]: slow_operation()
```

```
total time taken for this function : slow_operation  is 3.0030782222747803
```

```
[25]: 'done'
```

CHAPTER
EIGHT

MAP FILTER

[1]: l = ['1','2','3','4','5','6']

[2]: list(map(int,l))

[2]: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]

[3]: list(map(lambda x:x**2,map(int,l)))

[3]: [1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36]

[19]: def sq(x):
 return x**2

def cube(x):
 return x**3

func = [sq, cube]
l1 = list(map(int,l))

l1

[19]: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]

[22]: for i in l1:
 val = list(map(lambda x:x(i),func))
 print(val)

[1, 1]
[4, 8]
[9, 27]
[16, 64]
[25, 125]
[36, 216]

[26]: d = [{
 "x" : 1,
 "y" : 2
}, {
 "x" : 1,
 "y" : 4

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```
} , {  
    "x" : 2,  
    "y" : 1  
}  
  
def filter_x_1(a):  
    return a["x"] == 1  
  
list(filter(filter_x_1,d))  
[26]: [{ 'x': 1, 'y': 2}, {'x': 1, 'y': 4}]
```

```
[28]: from functools import reduce  
  
a = [1,2,4,5,6,7]  
  
mul = reduce(lambda x,y: x+y, a)  
mul  
[28]: 25
```

```
[ ]:
```

CHAPTER
NINE

FOR ELSE OPERATION

```
[2]: l = "hello My Name is Nishant Baheti".split(" ")  
l
```

```
[2]: ['hello', 'My', 'Name', 'is', 'Nishant', 'Baheti']
```

```
[3]: for item in l:  
    print(item)  
else:  
    print("this loop ran successfully")  
  
hello  
My  
Name  
is  
Nishant  
Baheti  
this loop ran successfully
```

- if there is a break then else will not run

```
[4]: for item in l:  
    print(item)  
    break  
else:  
    print("this loop ran successfully")  
  
hello
```

```
[6]: for item in l:  
    if item == "Nishant":  
        print("Nishant found")  
        break  
    else:  
        print("Nishant was not found")  
  
Nishant found
```


BASIC OOPS AND ADVANCED CONCEPTS

```
[1]: class Employee:  
    number_of_leaves = 8  
  
    def __init__(self, name, salary, role):  
        self.name = name  
        self.salary = salary  
        self.role = role  
  
    def print_details(self):  
  
        print(f"""  
            NAME      :{self.name}  
            SALARY    :{self.salary}  
            ROLE      :{self.role}  
            """)  
  
    @classmethod  
    def change_leaves(cls, new_leaves):  
        cls.number_of_leaves = new_leaves  
  
    @classmethod  
    def instance_with_dash(cls, params_dash):  
        return cls(*params_dash.split("-"))  
  
    @staticmethod  
    def print_good_string(string):  
        print(f"this is a good string : {string}")  
  
  
  
  
e1 = Employee("E1", 45000, "t1")  
e2 = Employee.instance_with_dash("E2-50000-t2")  
  
e1.print_details()  
e2.print_details()  
  
print(e1.number_of_leaves, e2.number_of_leaves)  
  
e1.number_of_leaves = 10
```

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```
print(e1.number_of_leaves)

Employee.number_of_leaves = 20

print(e1.number_of_leaves, e2.number_of_leaves)

e2.number_of_leaves = 10
print(Employee.number_of_leaves, e2.number_of_leaves)

e1.print_good_string("good1")
Employee.print_good_string("good2")
```

```
NAME      :E1
SALARY    :45000
ROLE      :t1

NAME      :E2
SALARY    :50000
ROLE      :t2

8 8
10
10 20
20 10
this is a good string : good1
this is a good string : good2
```

10.1 Single Inheritance

```
[2]: class Player:
    def __init__(self, name, sports):
        self.name = name
        self.sports = sports

    def print_details(self):
        print(f"""
            NAME      :{self.name}
            SPORTS    :{self.sports}
            """)
```

10.1.1 without super()

```
[3]: class Programmer(Employee,Player):
    language ="C++"

    def print_language(self):
        print(self.language)

p1 = Programmer("e1",35000,"P1")
p1.print_details()
p1.print_language()
```

```
NAME      :e1
SALARY    :35000
ROLE      :P1
```

C++

```
[4]: # sequence matters

## this will throw error
class Programmer(Player,Employee):

    language ="C++"

    def print_language(self):
        print(self.language)

p1 = Programmer("e1",35000,"P1")
p1.print_details()
p1.print_language()
```

```
-----  
TypeError                                     Traceback (most recent call last)
<ipython-input-4-a25debaa34a6> in <module>
      9         print(self.language)
     10
--> 11 p1 = Programmer("e1",35000,"P1")
     12 p1.print_details()
     13 p1.print_language()
```

`TypeError: __init__() takes 3 positional arguments but 4 were given`

```
[5]: class Programmer(Player,Employee):

    language ="C++"

    def print_language(self):
        print(self.language)

p1 = Programmer("e1",["tennis","cricket"])
```

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```
p1.print_details()
p1.print_language()
```

```
NAME      :e1
SPORTS    :['tennis', 'cricket']
```

C++

10.2 Heirarchy in descending order

instance variable child > child class variable > parent instance variable > parent class variable

```
[6]: class A:
        classvar1 = "this is a class vairable in class A"

        def __init__(self):
            self.classvar1 = "this is a instance variable in class A"

class B(A):
    classvar1 = "this is a class variable in class B"

    def __init__(self):
        self.classvar1 = "this is a instance variable in class B"

b = B()
b.classvar1
```

[6]: 'this is a instance variable in class B'

```
[7]: class A:
        classvar1 = "this is a class vairable in class A"

        def __init__(self):
            self.classvar1 = "this is a instance variable in class A"

class B(A):
    classvar1 = "this is a class variable in class B"

#     def __init__(self):
#         self.classvar1 = "this is a instance variable in class B"

b = B()
```

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```
b.classvar1
```

```
[7]: 'this is a instance variable in class A'
```

```
[8]: class A:  
    classvar1 = "this is a class vairable in class A"  
  
#     def __init__(self):  
#         self.classvar1 = "this is a instance variable in class A"  
  
class B(A):  
    classvar1 = "this is a class variable in class B"  
  
#     def __init__(self):  
#         self.classvar1 = "this is a instance variable in class B"
```

```
b = B()
```

```
b.classvar1
```

```
[8]: 'this is a class variable in class B'
```

```
[9]: class A:  
    classvar1 = "this is a class vairable in class A"  
  
#     def __init__(self):  
#         self.classvar1 = "this is a instance variable in class A"  
  
class B(A):  
    pass  
#     classvar1 = "this is a class variable in class B"  
  
#     def __init__(self):  
#         self.classvar1 = "this is a instance variable in class B"
```

```
b = B()
```

```
b.classvar1
```

```
[9]: 'this is a class vairable in class A'
```

10.3 super()

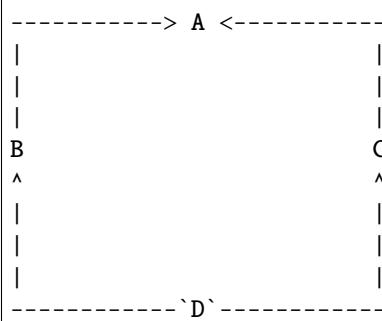
```
[10]: class A:  
    classvar1 = "this is a class variable in class A"  
  
    def __init__(self):  
        self.var1 = "this is a instance variable in class A"  
  
class B(A):  
    classvar1 = "this is a class variable in class B"  
  
    def __init__(self):  
        super().__init__()  
        self.var1 = "this is a instance variable in class B" ## overridden by child  
  
  
b = B()  
b.var1
```

[10]: 'this is a instance variable in class B'

```
[11]: class A:  
    classvar1 = "this is a class variable in class A"  
  
    def __init__(self):  
        self.var1 = "this is a instance variable in class A"  
  
class B(A):  
    classvar1 = "this is a class variable in class B"  
  
    def __init__(self):  
        self.var1 = "this is a instance variable in class B"  
        super().__init__() ## overridden by parent  
  
  
b = B()  
b.var1
```

[11]: 'this is a instance variable in class A'

10.4 Diamond shape problem



```
[12]: class A:
    def func(self):
        print("CLASS A")
class B(A):
    def func(self):
        print("CLASS B")
class C(A):
    def func(self):
        print("CLASS C")
class D(B,C):
    pass

a = A()
b = B()
c = C()
d = D()

d.func()
```

CLASS B

```
[13]: class A:
    def func(self):
        print("CLASS A")
class B(A):
    def func(self):
        print("CLASS B")
class C(A):
    def func(self):
        print("CLASS C")
class D(C,B):
    pass

a = A()
b = B()
c = C()
d = D()

d.func()
```

CLASS C

10.5 Operator overloading and dunder methods(underscore methods)

<https://docs.python.org/3/library/operator.html>

```
[14]: class Employee:
    number_of_leaves = 8

    def __init__(self, name, salary, role):
        self.name = name
        self.salary = salary
        self.role = role

    def print_details(self):

        print(f"""
            NAME      :{self.name}
            SALARY    :{self.salary}
            ROLE      :{self.role}
            """)

    @classmethod
    def change_leaves(cls, new_leaves):
        cls.number_of_leaves = new_leaves

    @classmethod
    def instance_with_dash(cls, params_dash):
        return cls(*params_dash.split("-"))

    @staticmethod
    def print_good_string(string):
        print(f"this is a good string : {string}")

e1 = Employee("E1", 45000, "SDE1")
e2 = Employee("E2", 40000, "SDE1")

print(e1+e2)
```

```
TypeError                                     Traceback (most recent call last)
<ipython-input-14-42bd4dc47e1e> in <module>
      30 e2 = Employee("E2", 40000, "SDE1")
      31
---> 32 print(e1+e2)
```

```
TypeError: unsupported operand type(s) for +: 'Employee' and 'Employee'
```

```
[15]: class Employee:
    number_of_leaves = 8

    def __init__(self, name, salary, role):
        self.name = name
        self.salary = salary
        self.role = role

    def print_details(self):

        print(f"""
            NAME      :{self.name}
            SALARY    :{self.salary}
            ROLE      :{self.role}
            """)

    @classmethod
    def change_leaves(cls, new_leaves):
        cls.number_of_leaves = new_leaves

    @classmethod
    def instance_with_dash(cls, params_dash):
        return cls(*params_dash.split("-"))

    @staticmethod
    def print_good_string(string):
        print(f>this is a good string : {string}")

    ## create a dunder method to work on add operation

    def __add__(self, other):

        return self.salary + other.salary

    def __truediv__(self, other):

        return self.salary / other.salary

e1 = Employee("E1", 45000, "SDE1")
e2 = Employee("E2", 40000, "SDE1")

print(e1+e2)
print(e1/e2)

85000
1.125
```

```
[16]: dir(Employee)
```

```
[16]: ['__add__',  
      '__class__',  
      '__delattr__',  
      '__dict__',  
      '__hash__',  
      '__init__',  
      '__module__',  
      '__new__',  
      '__reduce__',  
      '__reduce_ex__',  
      '__repr__',  
      '__rmagick__',  
      '__setattr__',  
      '__sizeof__',  
      '__str__',  
      '__subclasshook__',  
      'change_leaves',  
      'instance_with_dash',  
      'number_of_leaves',  
      'print_details',  
      'print_good_string']
```

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```
'__dir__',
 '__doc__',
 '__eq__',
 '__format__',
 '__ge__',
 '__getattribute__',
 '__gt__',
 '__hash__',
 '__init__',
 '__init_subclass__',
 '__le__',
 '__lt__',
 '__module__',
 '__ne__',
 '__new__',
 '__reduce__',
 '__reduce_ex__',
 '__repr__',
 '__setattr__',
 '__sizeof__',
 '__str__',
 '__subclasshook__',
 '__truediv__',
 '__weakref__',
 'change_leaves',
 'instance_with_dash',
 'number_of_leaves',
 'print_details',
 'print_good_string']
```

[17]: e1 ## here it is showing default

[17]: <__main__.Employee at 0x7f747cba7370>

```
class Employee:
    number_of_leaves = 8

    def __init__(self, name, salary, role):
        self.name = name
        self.salary = salary
        self.role = role

    def print_details(self):

        print(f"""
            NAME      :{self.name}
            SALARY    :{self.salary}
            ROLE      :{self.role}
            """))

    @classmethod
    def change_leaves(cls, new_leaves):
```

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```

cls.number_of_leaves = new_leaves

@classmethod
def instance_with_dash(cls,params_dash):
    return cls(*params_dash.split("-"))

@staticmethod
def print_good_string(string):
    print(f>this is a good string : {string}")

## create a dunder method to work on add operation

def __add__(self,other):
    return self.salary + other.salary

def __truediv__(self,other):
    return self.salary / other.salary

def __repr__(self):
    return f"""Employee('{self.name}',{self.salary},'{self.role}')"""

e1 = Employee("E1",45000,"SDE1")
e2 = Employee("E2",40000,"SDE1")

print(e1)
print(repr(e1)) ##overridden repr

Employee('E1',45000,'SDE1')
Employee('E1',45000,'SDE1')

```

```
[19]: class Employee:
    number_of_leaves = 8

    def __init__(self,name,salary,role):
        self.name = name
        self.salary = salary
        self.role = role

    def print_details(self):

        print(f"""
            NAME      :{self.name}
            SALARY    :{self.salary}
            ROLE      :{self.role}
            """)

    @classmethod
    def change_leaves(cls,new_leaves):
        cls.number_of_leaves = new_leaves
```

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```
@classmethod
def instance_with_dash(cls,params_dash):
    return cls(*params_dash.split("-"))

@staticmethod
def print_good_string(string):
    print(f>this is a good string : {string}")

## create a dunder method to work on add operation

def __add__(self,other):

    return self.salary + other.salary

def __truediv__(self,other):

    return self.salary / other.salary

def __repr__(self):
    return f"""Employee('{self.name}',{self.salary},'{self.role}')"""

def __str__(self):
    return f"""
NAME      :{self.name}
SALARY    :{self.salary}
ROLE      :{self.role}
"""

e1 = Employee("E1",45000,"SDE1")
e2 = Employee("E2",40000,"SDE1")

print(e1) ##overridden repr with str
print(str(e1))
print(repr(e1))
```

```
NAME      :E1
SALARY    :45000
ROLE      :SDE1
```

```
NAME      :E1
SALARY    :45000
ROLE      :SDE1
```

```
Employee('E1',45000,'SDE1')
```

10.6 Abstract Base Class

```
[20]: from abc import ABC,abstractmethod

class Shape(ABC):

    @abstractmethod
    def print_area(self):
        pass
```

```
[21]: class Square(Shape):

    def __init__(self,side):
        self.side = side

s = Square(10)

-----
TypeError                                     Traceback (most recent call last)
<ipython-input-21-1c588ec6d471> in <module>
      5
      6
----> 7 s = Square(10)

TypeError: Can't instantiate abstract class Square with abstract methods print_area
```

```
[22]: class Square(Shape):

    def __init__(self,side):
        self.side = side

    def print_area(self):

        print(self.side**2)

s = Square(10)
s.print_area()

100
```

```
[23]: Shape() # cant create

-----
TypeError                                     Traceback (most recent call last)
<ipython-input-23-c85743fd6946> in <module>
----> 1 Shape() # cant create

TypeError: Can't instantiate abstract class Shape with abstract methods print_area
```

10.7 setter and property decorator

```
[24]: class Subscriber:

    def __init__(self, fname, lname):
        self.fname = fname
        self.lname = lname
        self._email = f"{self.fname}.{self.lname}@faloola.com"

    def name(self):
        return f"{self.fname} {self.lname}"

    def email(self):
        return self._email
s = Subscriber("Nishant", "Maheshwari")
print(s.name())
print(s.email())

s.lname = "Baheti"
print(s.name())
print(s.email()) ## email will not change
```

Nishant Maheshwari
 Nishant.Maheshwari@faloola.com
 Nishant Baheti
 Nishant.Maheshwari@faloola.com

```
[25]: class Subscriber:

    def __init__(self, fname, lname):
        self.fname = fname
        self.lname = lname
#        self._email = f"{self.fname}.{self.lname}@faloola.com"

    def name(self):
        return f"{self.fname} {self.lname}"

    @property
    def email(self):
        return f"{self.fname}.{self.lname}@faloola.com"

s = Subscriber("Nishant", "Maheshwari")
print(s.name())
print(s.email())

s.lname = "Baheti"
print(s.name())
print(s.email()) ## email changed but set as property which is not callable
```

Nishant Maheshwari

TypeError Traceback (most recent call last)
<ipython-input-25-8f6b2bf645ba> in **<module>**

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```

15 s = Subscriber("Nishant","Maheshwari")
16 print(s.name())
---> 17 print(s.email())
18
19 s.lname = "Baheti"

```

`TypeError: 'str' object is not callable`

[26]:

```

class Subscriber:

    def __init__(self,fname, lname):
        self.fname = fname
        self.lname = lname
    #       self.email = f"{self.fname}.{self.lname}@faloola.com"

    def name(self):
        return f"{self.fname} {self.lname}"

    @property
    def email(self):
        return f"{self.fname}.{self.lname}@faloola.com"

s = Subscriber("Nishant","Maheshwari")
print(s.name())
print(s.email)

s.lname = "Baheti"
print(s.name())
print(s.email) ## email changed

```

Nishant Maheshwari

Nishant.Maheshwari@faloola.com

Nishant Baheti

Nishant.Baheti@faloola.com

[27]:

```

class Subscriber:

    def __init__(self,fname, lname):
        self.fname = fname
        self.lname = lname
    #       self.email = f"{self.fname}.{self.lname}@faloola.com"

    def name(self):
        return f"{self.fname} {self.lname}"

    @property
    def email(self):
        return f"{self.fname}.{self.lname}@faloola.com"

s = Subscriber("Nishant","Maheshwari")
print(s.name())
print(s.email)

```

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```
s.lname = "Baheti"
print(s.name())
print(s.email) ## email changed

s.email = "foo.bar@faloola.com"

Nishant Maheshwari
Nishant.Maheshwari@faloola.com
Nishant Baheti
Nishant.Baheti@faloola.com

-----
AttributeError Traceback (most recent call last)
<ipython-input-27-efecc42b7d81> in <module>
    21 print(s.email) ## email changed
    22
--> 23 s.email = "foo.bar@faloola.com"

AttributeError: can't set attribute
```

[28]: class Subscriber:

```
def __init__(self, fname, lname):
    self.fname = fname
    self.lname = lname

def name(self):
    return f"{self.fname} {self.lname}"

@property
def email(self):
    return f"{self.fname}.{self.lname}@faloola.com"

@email.setter
def email(self, new_email):
    name = new_email.split("@")[0]
    name_l = name.split(".")
    self.fname = name_l[0]
    self.lname = name_l[1]

s = Subscriber("Nishant", "Maheshwari")
print(s.name())
print(s.email)

s.lname = "Baheti"
print(s.name())
print(s.email) ## email changed

s.email = "foo.bar@faloola.com"
```

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```
print(s.name())
print(s.email)

Nishant Maheshwari
Nishant.Maheshwari@faloola.com
Nishant Baheti
Nishant.Baheti@faloola.com
foo bar
foo.bar@faloola.com
```

[29]: class Subscriber:

```
def __init__(self, fname, lname):
    self.fname = fname
    self.lname = lname

def name(self):
    return f"{self.fname} {self.lname}"

@property
def email(self):
    if self.fname is None or self.lname is None:
        return "Email is not set"
    return f"{self.fname}.{self.lname}@faloola.com"

@email.setter
def email(self, new_email):
    name = new_email.split("@")[0]
    name_l = name.split(".")
    self.fname = name_l[0]
    self.lname = name_l[1]

@email.deleter
def email(self):
    self.fname = None
    self.lname = None

s = Subscriber("Nishant", "Maheshwari")
print(s.name())
print(s.email)

s.lname = "Baheti"
print(s.name())
print(s.email) ## email changed

s.email = "foo.bar@faloola.com"
print(s.name())
print(s.email)

del s.email
print(s.email)
```

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```
Nishant Maheshwari
Nishant.Maheshwari@faloola.com
Nishant Baheti
Nishant.Baheti@faloola.com
foo bar
foo.bar@faloola.com
Email is not set
```

10.8 Object introspection

```
[30]: type("hello")
```

```
[30]: str
```

```
[32]: id("hello")
```

```
[32]: 140138285539376
```

```
[33]: dir("hello")
```

```
[33]: ['__add__',  
      '__class__',  
      '__contains__',  
      '__delattr__',  
      '__dir__',  
      '__doc__',  
      '__eq__',  
      '__format__',  
      '__ge__',  
      '__getattribute__',  
      '__getitem__',  
      '__getnewargs__',  
      '__gt__',  
      '__hash__',  
      '__init__',  
      '__init_subclass__',  
      '__iter__',  
      '__le__',  
      '__len__',  
      '__lt__',  
      '__mod__',  
      '__mul__',  
      '__ne__',  
      '__new__',  
      '__reduce__',  
      '__reduce_ex__',  
      '__repr__',  
      '__rmod__',  
      '__rmul__']
```

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```
'__setattr__',
'__sizeof__',
'__str__',
'__subclasshook__',
'capitalize',
'casefold',
'center',
'count',
'encode',
'endswith',
'expandtabs',
'find',
'format',
'format_map',
'index',
'isalnum',
'isalpha',
'isascii',
'isdecimal',
'isdigit',
'isidentifier',
'islower',
'isnumeric',
'isprintable',
'isspace',
'istitle',
'isupper',
'join',
'ljust',
'lower',
'lstrip',
'maketrans',
'partition',
'replace',
'rfind',
'rindex',
'rjust',
'rpartition',
'rsplit',
'rstrip',
'split',
'splitlines',
'startswith',
'strip',
'swapcase',
'title',
'translate',
'upper',
'zfill']
```

```
[35]: import inspect
```

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```

print(inspect.getmembers("Hello"))

[('__add__', <method-wrapper '__add__' of str object at 0x7f747d454270>), ('__class__', 
    ↵<class 'str'>), ('__contains__', <method-wrapper '__contains__' of str object at 
    ↵0x7f747d454270>), ('__delattr__', <method-wrapper '__delattr__' of str object at 
    ↵0x7f747d454270>), ('__dir__', <built-in method __dir__ of str object at 0x7f747d454270> 
    ↵), ('__doc__', "str(object='') -> str\\nstr(bytes_or_buffer[, encoding[, errors]]) -> 
    ↵str\\n\\nCreate a new string object from the given object. If encoding or\\nerrors is 
    ↵specified, then the object must expose a data buffer\\nthat will be decoded using the 
    ↵given encoding and error handler.\\nOtherwise, returns the result of object.__str__() 
    ↵(if defined)\\nor repr(object).\\nencoding defaults to sys.setdefaultencoding().\\nerrors 
    ↵defaults to 'strict'."), ('__eq__', <method-wrapper '__eq__' of str object at 
    ↵0x7f747d454270>), ('__format__', <built-in method __format__ of str object at 
    ↵0x7f747d454270>), ('__ge__', <method-wrapper '__ge__' of str object at 0x7f747d454270> 
    ↵), ('__getattribute__', <method-wrapper '__getattribute__' of str object at 
    ↵0x7f747d454270>), ('__getitem__', <method-wrapper '__getitem__' of str object at 
    ↵0x7f747d454270>), ('__getnewargs__', <built-in method __getnewargs__ of str object at 
    ↵0x7f747d454270>), ('__gt__', <method-wrapper '__gt__' of str object at 0x7f747d454270> 
    ↵), ('__hash__', <method-wrapper '__hash__' of str object at 0x7f747d454270>), ('__init__' 
    ↵', <method-wrapper '__init__' of str object at 0x7f747d454270>), ('__init_subclass__', 
    ↵<built-in method __init_subclass__ of type object at 0x557127ed5780>), ('__iter__', 
    ↵<method-wrapper '__iter__' of str object at 0x7f747d454270>), ('__le__', <method- 
    ↵wrapper '__le__' of str object at 0x7f747d454270>), ('__len__', <method-wrapper '__len__' 
    ↵of str object at 0x7f747d454270>), ('__lt__', <method-wrapper '__lt__' of str 
    ↵object at 0x7f747d454270>), ('__mod__', <method-wrapper '__mod__' of str object at 
    ↵0x7f747d454270>), ('__mul__', <method-wrapper '__mul__' of str object at 
    ↵0x7f747d454270>), ('__ne__', <method-wrapper '__ne__' of str object at 0x7f747d454270> 
    ↵), ('__new__', <built-in method __new__ of type object at 0x557127ed5780>), ('__reduce__' 
    ↵', <built-in method __reduce__ of str object at 0x7f747d454270>), ('__reduce_ex__', 
    ↵<built-in method __reduce_ex__ of str object at 0x7f747d454270>), ('__repr__', <method- 
    ↵wrapper '__repr__' of str object at 0x7f747d454270>), ('__rmod__', <method-wrapper '__ 
    ↵rmod__' of str object at 0x7f747d454270>), ('__rmul__', <method-wrapper '__rmul__' of 
    ↵str object at 0x7f747d454270>), ('__setattr__', <method-wrapper '__setattr__' of str 
    ↵object at 0x7f747d454270>), ('__sizeof__', <built-in method __sizeof__ of str object 
    ↵at 0x7f747d454270>), ('__str__', <method-wrapper '__str__' of str object at 
    ↵0x7f747d454270>), ('__subclasshook__', <built-in method __subclasshook__ of type 
    ↵object at 0x557127ed5780>), ('capitalize', <built-in method capitalize of str object 
    ↵at 0x7f747d454270>), ('casefold', <built-in method casefold of str object at 
    ↵0x7f747d454270>), ('center', <built-in method center of str object at 0x7f747d454270>), 
    ↵('count', <built-in method count of str object at 0x7f747d454270>), ('encode', <built- 
    ↵in method encode of str object at 0x7f747d454270>), ('endswith', <built-in method 
    ↵endswith of str object at 0x7f747d454270>), ('expandtabs', <built-in method expandtabs 
    ↵of str object at 0x7f747d454270>), ('find', <built-in method find of str object at 
    ↵0x7f747d454270>), ('format', <built-in method format of str object at 0x7f747d454270>), 
    ↵('format_map', <built-in method format_map of str object at 0x7f747d454270>), ('index' 
    ↵', <built-in method index of str object at 0x7f747d454270>), ('isalnum', <built-in 
    ↵method isalnum of str object at 0x7f747d454270>), ('isalpha', <built-in method isalpha 
    ↵of str object at 0x7f747d454270>), ('isascii', <built-in method isascii of str object 
    ↵at 0x7f747d454270>), ('isdecimal', <built-in method isdecimal of str object at 
    ↵0x7f747d454270>), ('isdigit', <built-in method isdigit of str object at 0x7f747d454270> 
    ↵), ('isidentifier', <built-in method isidentifier of str object at 0x7f747d454270>), (' 
    ↵islower', <built-in method islower of str object at 0x7f747d454270>), ('isnumeric', 
    ↵<built-in method isnumeric of str object at 0x7f747d454270>), ('isprintable', <built- 
    ↵in method isprintable of str object at 0x7f747d454270>), ('isspace', <built-in method 
    ↵isspace of str object at 0x7f747d454270>), ('istitle', <built-in method istitle of str 
    ↵object at 0x7f747d454270>), ('isupper', <built-in method isupper of str object at 
    ↵0x7f747d454270>), ('join', <built-in method join of str object at 0x7f747d454270>), (' 
    ↵ljust', <built-in method ljust of str object at 0x7f747d454270>), ('lower', <built-in 
    ↵method lower of str object at 0x7f747d454270>), ('lstrip', <built-in method lstrip of 
    ↵str object at 0x7f747d454270>), ('maketrans', <built-in method maketrans of type 
    ↵40object at 0x7f747d454270>)

```

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[]:

CHAPTER
ELEVEN

FUNCTION CACHING

```
[1]: import time
```

```
[3]: def some_func(n):
    time.sleep(n)
    return n
```

```
[4]: some_func(5)
```

```
[4]: 5
```

- caching / memoization

```
[22]: from functools import lru_cache
import datetime
@lru_cache(maxsize=3) ## latest 3 calls are saved
def some_func(n):
    time.sleep(n)
    return n
```

```
[23]: start = datetime.datetime.now()
some_func(10)
end = datetime.datetime.now()
print("time taken at first ",end-start)
time taken at first  0:00:10.001500
```

```
[24]: start = datetime.datetime.now()
some_func(10)
end = datetime.datetime.now()
print("time taken at second call ",end-start)
time taken at second call  0:00:00.000255
```

[]:

CHAPTER
TWELVE

STRING OPERATIONS

```
[1]: "heLlo World".capitalize() # first letter uppercase all other lower
[1]: 'Hello world'

[2]: "hello World".casefold() # lowercase
[2]: 'hello world'

[3]: "Hello World".center(50) # put the string in center
[3]: '                                Hello World                                '

[4]: "Hello World ".center(50,"x") #put the string in center and fill padding with x
[4]: 'xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx Hello World xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx'

[5]: "Hello World Hello".count("Hello") # count freq
[5]: 2

[6]: "Hello World".endswith("d")
[6]: True

[7]: "Hello\tWorld".expandtabs(4) # expand \t tabs with 4 spaces
[7]: 'Hello    World'

[8]: "Hello World".find("World") # returns index from which word's first occurrence is
  ↪starting otherwise -1
[8]: 6

[9]: "Hello World".index("World")
[9]: 6

[10]: "Hello World".index("World",6,10) # index and find is similar only difference is that
  ↪this will throw value error
```

ValueError Traceback (most recent call last)

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```
<ipython-input-10-a7a86f317d1d> in <module>
----> 1 "Hello World".index("World",6,10) # index and find is similar only difference is_
→that this will throw value error

ValueError: substring not found
```

```
[20]: "Hello World".isalnum(),"123".isalnum() #alphanumeric
```

```
[20]: (False, True)
```

```
[16]: "HelloWorld".isalpha(),"Hello World".isalpha()
```

```
[16]: (True, False)
```

```
[22]: "12".isdecimal(),"Hello World".isdecimal()
```

```
[22]: (True, False)
```

```
[24]: "12".isdigit(),"Hello World".isdigit()
```

```
[24]: (True, False)
```

```
[25]: "12".isnumeric(),"Hello World".isnumeric()
```

```
[25]: (True, False)
```

```
[27]: "Hello World".isspace(), ".isspace() # if string contains only spaces
```

```
[27]: (False, True)
```

```
[35]: " ".join(("hello","world","!","Nishant")) # join by separator
```

```
[35]: 'hello world ! Nishant'
```

```
[37]: x = {"fname":"Nishant","lname":"Baheti"}
" ".join(x.values())
```

```
[37]: 'Nishant Baheti'
```

```
[39]: "Hello World".lower()
```

```
[39]: 'hello world'
```

```
[40]: "Hello World".upper()
```

```
[40]: 'HELLO WORLD'
```

```
[46]: x = "Jello world".maketrans("J","H")
"Jello world".translate(x)
```

```
[46]: 'Hello world'
```

```
[48]: "I could eat bananas all day, bananas bananas are my favorite fruit".rpartition("bananas"
→") # starts from last occurrence
```

```
[48]: ('I could eat bananas all day, bananas ', 'bananas', ' are my favorite fruit')
```

```
[49]: "Hello, world, Nishant".split(",")
```

```
[49]: ['Hello', ' world', ' Nishant']
```

```
[51]: "Hello World".lstrip()
```

```
[51]: 'Hello World'
```

```
[52]: "Hello World ".rstrip()
```

```
[52]: 'Hello World'
```

```
[53]: "Hello World ".strip()
```

```
[53]: 'Hello World'
```

```
[54]: "Hello World".startswith("H")
```

```
[54]: True
```

```
[55]: "Ello There maTe".swapcase()
```

```
[55]: 'eLLO tHERE MAtE'
```

```
[56]: "my name is nishant and i am exploring string methods in python".title()
```

```
[56]: 'My Name Is Nishant And I Am Exploring String Methods In Python'
```

```
[62]: "500".zfill(20)
```

```
[62]: '00000000000000000000500'
```

CHAPTER
THIRTEEN

INDICES AND TABLES

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- search